

### Renewable Rocket Engineering

Liquid-fueled Rocket Motor





### Overview

- Team Introduction
- About The Project
- Design Overview
- Current Project Status
- Conclusion



### Project Team

- Team members:
  - Benoit Saulnier Project manager
    - Interested in space exploration and propulsion systems
    - Sub-system responsibility: Pumping systems
  - Nathan Juven
    - Interested in the aerospace field and space exploration
    - Sub-system responsibility: Heat exchanger and swirler
  - Raymond Daly
    - Interested in aerospace engineering and sustainability
    - Sub-system responsibility: Combustion chamber and nozzle
  - Deane Casey
    - Interested in aerospace engineering and renewable energy
    - Sub-system responsibility: Fuel storage and assembly
- Faculty advisor: Dr. Forrest Ames

### Project Background



- Overall goal is to design a liquid-fueled rocket capable of reaching the Karman Line (internationally recognized boundary of space – 100 km)
- Initially started as part of the BASE-11 launch competition
- Continued as a mechanical engineering senior design project for ME 487/488, this is the third year
- Ethanol/LOX fueled rocket, 2250 lbf thrust
- We have formed a student organization called Renewable Rocket Engineering
- Base 11 was cancelled until further notice

### Design Concept

- 3 tanks 2 Ethanol + 1 Liquid O2
- Pumps for Ethanol and LOX
- Combustion chamber and nozzle regeneratively cooled with the help of a recirculation system
- LOX gasified through a heat exchanger and fed to the combustion chamber via swirlers – for optimized mixing
- Electrical system will be powered by LiPo batteries – will power the pumping systems and the ignition system

# Rocket Concept Flow Chart ED) Highest Pressure



### Rocket Specifications

- Design thrust: 2250 lbf
- Planned weight: 1500 lb w/ 1000 lb being fuel and oxidizer
- Thrust to weight ratio: 1.5
- Fuel flow rate: 1.7 kg/s
- Oxidizer flow rate: 2.1 kg/s
- Chamber pressure: 24 bar
- Electrical power required: 25 kW for approximately 2 minutes

### **Project Description**

- This year's team will conduct analysis, design, fabrication, and testing of the following subsystems:
  - Heat exchanger
  - Nozzle
  - Pumping systems
  - Combustion chamber
  - Fuel and oxidizer storage
  - Fuel and oxidizer tank insulation



### Current Design: Heat Exchanger

- Current Status
  - Flow analysis on heat exchanger completed
    - Assessed flow rate, design parameters and pressure loss in the heat exchanger.
  - Multi-pass parallel flow shell and tube heat exchanger
    - 242 tubes for ethanol
    - 8 baffles for oxygen to direct flow over the tubes
  - Materials have been received and fabrication started.
    - In large part thanks to the grant received from NDSGC





### **Current Design: Swirlers**

#### Current Status

- Swirler design amended
  - Swirler vane angle changed from 50 to 60 degrees for better mixing
  - 8 vanes instead of 6
- Repositioning of the holes on the inner tube and redesign of the swirler vane
- Inner and outer tubes have been purchased
- What's Next
  - Looking to get final approval of design to begin fabrication and testing





Sweep Method

Multizone Method

•

٠



#### CAD





#### CAD

**Recently accomplished:** -Variable Cross-Section

Next Steps: -Shell on the outside

-Recapture Ports

-Recapture System



#### **Fabrication:**

3 methods of fabrication explored:

- Tube bending
- 3D printing
- Investment casting

**Investment Casting** 

Low-Ash Stereolithography

Selection of Firm



A Global Leader

**Our Mold Making Division** 

### Current Design: Pumping systems

- Current Status:
  - Stainless steel centrifugal pump (LOX)
    - Flow and power calculations confirmed
    - RAE pumps GMVCP 8 centrifugal pump
  - Aluminum gear pumps (ethanol)
    - Danfoss SNP3NN 033/075 gear pump selected
- What's next?
- Obtain drawings and pricing for centrifugal pump
- Complete the motor coupling design
- A 075 Ordered



# Current Design: Storage and Mounting System

#### **Current Status**

- Tanks
  - Triangular support design
  - Composite struts
- Insulation & Mounting
- Solomide/Microlite Blanket
- Plastic composite nails

#### Next Steps

- Determine design constraints for reducing vibrations
- Heat loss and stress analysis
- Select adhesive and determine curing methods
- Select mounting nails/brads



### Conclusion

- Our team has met several of its objectives for this year, including:
  - Approved analysis of heat exchanger subsystem
  - Design and drawings for the heat exchanger
  - Materials ordered for the heat exchanger, tanks and pumping
- Fabrication and testing is currently taking place.
- Full system testing will probably be a goal for next year's team, in continuation towards the objective of building a flight-ready rocket.

Nathan.Juven@und.edu Benoit.Saulnier@und.edu Deane.Casey@und.edu Raymond.daly@und.edu

### References

- Base11. (2018, November 28). Base 11 space challenge logo winners announced. Base 11. Retrieved October 8, 2021, from https://www.base11.com/logo-winners/.
- Berger, E. (2021, August 5). *Blue Origin's powerful BE-4 engine is more than four years late-here's why*. Ars Technica. Retrieved October 8, 2021, from https://arstechnica.com/science/2021/08/blue-origins-powerful-be-4-engine-is-m ore-than-four-years-late-heres-why/.
- Jensen, M. (2020, March 9). NASA launches USU student-built experiment into space: College of Engineering. USU. Retrieved October 8, 2021, from https://engineering.usu.edu/news/main-feed/2018/nasa-launches-usu-student-e xperiment.
- Space Coast Daily. (2018, June 20). This day in history: Space shuttle columbia STS-78 launches from Kennedy Space Center in 1996. Space Coast Daily. Retrieved October 8, 2021, from https://spacecoastdaily.com/2018/06/this-day-in-history-space-shuttle-columbiasts-78-launches-from-kennedy-space-center-in-1996/.